

Industrial Cellular VPN Router NR500 Standard User Manual



Guangzhou Navigateworx Technologies Co, Ltd www.navigateworx.com

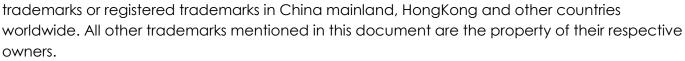
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REVISION HISTORY

Revision	Date	Revision Details
0	May 2018	Initial release.
1	Aug 2018	Add Schedule Reboot, OpenVPN, IPSec
2	Oct 2018	Add SSH, GRE, VRRP, Wi-Fi Client

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Interference Issues

Avoid possible radio frequency (RF) interference by following these guidelines:

- The use of cellular telephones or devices in aircraft is illegal. Use in aircraft may endanger operation and disrupt the cellular network. Failure to observe this restriction may result in suspension or denial of cellular services to the offender, legal action, or both.
- Do not operate in the vicinity of gasoline or diesel fuel pumps unless use has been approved or authorized.
- Do not operate in locations where medical equipment that the device could interfere with may be in use.
- Do not operate in fuel depots, chemical plants, or blasting areas unless use has been approved and authorized.
- Use care if operating in the vicinity of protected personal medical devices, i.e., hearing aids and pacemakers.
- Operation in the presence of other electronic equipment may cause interference if equipment is incorrectly protected. Follow recommendations for installation from equipment manufacturers.

Declaration of Conformity

NR500 Series products are in conformity with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions of the CE and RoHS.



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Chapter 1. Product Overview

1.1 Overview

Navigateworx NR500 series industrial cellular VPN router offers a single, flexible platform to address a variety of wireless communications needs with over-the-air configuration and system monitoring for optimal connectivity. This router enables wireless data connectivity over public and private LTE cellular networks at 4G speeds.

NR500 series router has dual SIM backup, 2 or 4 LAN ports, 1 port could be changed to Ethernet WAN connection (for fixed internet fail over to cellular). An optional 802.11 b/g/n Wi-Fi interface access point and client operations supports connectivity to IP applications in a variety of different connection scenarios. RS232 and RS485 interfaces are provided to support Serial to IP communication. NR500 series router also support 2 x digital input and 2 x Digital output for alarm applications.

NR500 series router supports 9 to 48 VDC wide range power inputs, designed with reverse-voltage protection mechanism for greater reliability. It is an advanced choice for universal wireless M2M applications with reliable features for data transmission.

1.2 Features and Benefits

Industrial internet access

- Wireless Mobile Broadband 2G / 3G / 4G Connection
- Remote access to SCADA System for Industrial Automation
- Reduce high costs for on-site maintenance

Designed for industrial usage

- Power Input Range 9 to 48 VDC
- Industrial designed for harsh environment
- Compact metal casing for easy mounting

Secure and reliable remote connection

- Connection manager ensure seamless communication
- Support Multiple VPN tunnels for data encryption
- Firewall prevents unsafe and unauthorized access

Easy to use and easy maintenance

- User-friendly web interface for human interaction
- Easy configuration for deployment
- Support 3rd Party remote management cloud

1.3 General Specifications

Cellular Interface

- Standards: FDD-LTE/TDD-LTE, WCDMA/UMTS/HSPA/HSPA+/EDGE/GPRS,
- 2× SMA female antenna connector
- 2 x SIM (3.0V & 1.8V)

Wi-Fi Interface (Optional)

- Standards: 802.11b/g/n, 300Mbps
- 2 x RP-SMA male antenna connector
- Support Wi-Fi AP and Client modes
- Security: WEP, WPA and WPA2 encryption
- Encryption: AES, TKIP, WEP64

Ethernet Interface

- Standard: IEEE 802.3, IEEE 802.3u
- Number of Ports:

NR500-Standard: 2 x 10/100 Mbps, RJ45 connector

NR500-Pro: 4 x 10/100 Mbps, RJ45 connector

- 1 x WAN interface (configurable on Web GUI)
- 1.5KV magnetic isolation protection

Serial Interface

- 1×RS232 (3 PIN): TX, RX, GND
- 1 x RS485 (2 PIN): Data+(A), Data-(B)
- Baud rate: 300 bps to 115200 bps
- Connector: terminal block
- 15KV ESD protection

- Type: 2 x DI + 2 x DO
- Connector: terminal block
- Isolation: 3KVDC or 2KVrms
- Absolute maximum VDC: 36VDC
- Absolute maximum ADC: 100mA

Other Interfaces

- 1 × RST button
- LED instruction: 1 x SYS, 1 x NET, 1 x USR, 3 x RSSI

Software

- Network protocols: DHCP, ICMP, PPPoE, HTTP, HTTPS, DNS, VRRP, NTP...
- VPN: IPSec, PPTP/L2TP client, GRE, OpenVPN, DMVPN
- Policy: RIPv2/OSPF/BGP dynamic route (optional)
- Firewall & Filter: Port forwarding, DMZ, anti-DoS, ACL
- Serial port: TCP server and client, UDP
- Management: Web, SNMP, 3rd party platform

Power Supply and Consumption

- Connector: 3-pin 3.5 mm female socket with lock
- Input voltage range: 9~48VDC
- Power consumption:

Idle: 100 mA@12V

Data link: 400 mA (peak) @12V

Physical Specification

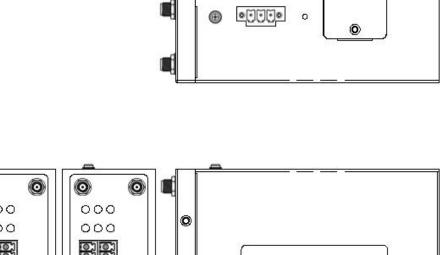
- Ingress Protection: IP30
- Housing & Weight: Metal, 300g
- Dimension: 104mm x 104mm x 38mm (excluding antenna)
- Installations: Din-rail mounting

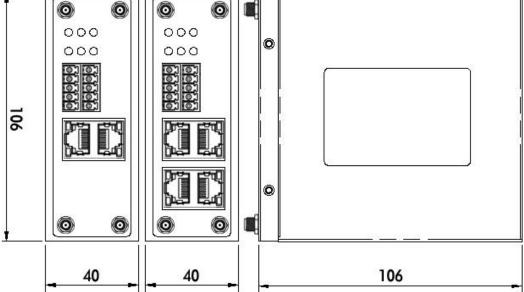
Environmental

- Operation temperature: -40~+75℃
- Store temperature: -40~+85℃
- Operation humidity: 5% to 95% non-condensing

1.4 Mechanical Specifications

Dimension: 104mm x 104mm x 38mm (excluding antenna)





1.5 Package Checklist

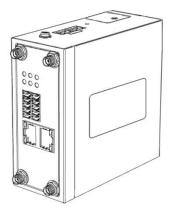
NR500 series Router includes the parts shown in below, please verify your components.

NOTE: if any of the below items is missing or damaged, please contact your sales representative.

Included equipment

- 1 x Naviageteworx NR500 series Industrial Cellular VPN router (Wi-Fi optional)
 - NR500 Standard

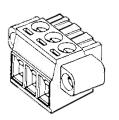
NR500 Pro





• 1 x 3-pin 3.5 mm male terminal block with lock for power supply

or



• 1 x 10-pin 3.5 mm male terminal block for RS232/RS485/DI/DO



• 1 x Ethernet cable



1 x Quick Start Guide •



Optional Accessories (sold separately)

3G/4G cellular antenna •

Stubby antenna

Magnet antenna





RP-SMA Wi-Fi antenna . Stubby antenna



35mm Din-rail mounting kit ٠

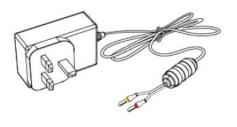




Magnet antenna



• AC/DC power adapter (12VDC, 1.5A; EU/US/UK/AU plug optional)



1.6 Order Information

Model	Part Number	Description
	A502433	4G LTE, Dual SIMs, 2 x Eth, 1 x RS232 (3 PIN), 1 x RS485, 2 x DI, 2 x DO, 9 - 48VDC
NR500-S4G	A512433	4G LTE, Dual SIMs, 2 x Eth, 1 x RS232 (3 PIN), 1 x RS485, 2 x DI, 2 x DO, 9 - 48VDC, 2.4GHz Wi-Fi
	A502333	3G, Dual SIMs, 2 x Eth, 1 x RS232 (3 PIN), 1 x RS485, 2 x DI, 2 x DO, 9 - 48VDC
NR500-S3G	A512333	3G, Dual SIMs, 2 x Eth, 1 x RS232 (3 PIN), 1 x RS485, 2 x DI, 2 x DO, 9 - 48VDC, 2.4GHz Wi-Fi
	A504433	4G LTE, Dual SIMs, 4 x Eth, 1 x RS232 (3 PIN), 1 x RS485, 2 x DI, 2 x DO, 9 - 48VDC
NR500-P4G	A514433	4G LTE, Dual SIMs, 4 x Eth, 1 x RS232 (3 PIN), 1 x RS485, 2 x DI, 2 x DO, 9 - 48VDC, 2.4GHz Wi-Fi
	A504333	3G, Dual SIMs, 4 x Eth, 1 x RS232 (3 PIN), 1 x RS485, 2 x DI, 2 x DO, 9 - 48VDC
NR500-P3G	A514333	3G, Dual SIMs, 4 x Eth, 1 x RS232 (3 PIN), 1 x RS485, 2 x DI, 2 x DO, 9 - 48VDC, 2.4GHz Wi-Fi

Chapter 2. Installation

2.1 **Product Overview**

Front Panel

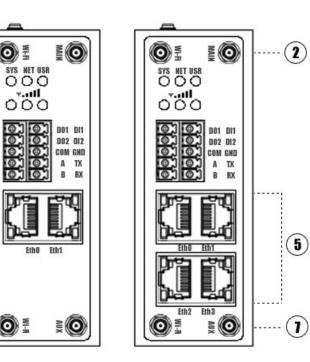
1)

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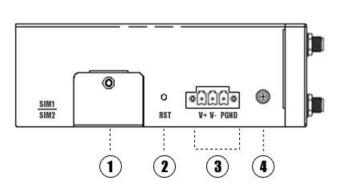
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- (1) Wi-Fi Antenna
- (2) MAIN Cellular Antenna
- 3 LED Indicator
- (4) Serial port & DIDO
- (5) Ethernet port
- 6 Wi-Fi Antenna
- ⑦ AUX Cellular Antenna

Left Side Panel



- (1) SIM Card Slot
- 2 **Reset Button**
- 3 **Power Connector**
- 4 Grounding Stud

2.2 LED Indicators

Name	Color	Status	Description
		Slow Blinking (500ms duration)	Operating normally
SYS	Green	Fast Blinking	System initialing
		Off	Power is off
		On	Register to Highest priority network
			service (depend on Radio, e.g.
			Radio support LTE as Highest priority
			network).
	Green	Fast Blinking (250ms duration)	Register to Non-Highest priority
NET	Green		network service (depend on Radio,
			e.g. Radio support LTE as Highest
			priority network, then WCDMA and
			GPRS is non-highest priority network).
		Off	Register failed
		On	Router is trying cellular connection
			with SIM1
USR: SIM	Green	Fast Blinking (250ms duration)	Router is trying cellular connection
			with SIM2
		Off	No SIM detected
		On	Wi-Fi is enabled and data
USR: Wi-Fi	Green		transmission
		Off	Wi-Fi is disable or initialize failed
Signal Strength		On, 3 LED light up	Signal strength (21-31) is high
Indicator	Green	On, 2 LED light up	Signal strength (11-20) is medium
T-11	Gleen	On, 1 LED light up	Signal strength (1-10) is low
		Off	No signal

2.3 Ethernet Port Indicator

Name	Status	Description
	On	Connection is established
Link indicator	Blinking	Data is being transmitted
	Off	Connection is not established

NOTE: There are two LED indicators for each Ethernet port. Due to the chipset design NR500 router would only light up the green one(Link indicator) on left side, the right LED is Off without meaning.

2.4 PIN Definition of Terminal block

• Serial Port & DIDO



PIN	RS232	RS485	DI	DO	Direction
1				DO1	Router>Device
2				DO2	Router>Device
3				СОМ	
4		A			Router<>Device
5		В			Router<>Device
6			DI1		Router <device< td=""></device<>
7			DI2		Router <device< td=""></device<>
8	GND				
9	TX				Router>Device
10	RX				Router <device< td=""></device<>

• Power Input



PIN	Description
V+ (Red line)	Positive
V- (Yellow line)	Negative
PGND	GND

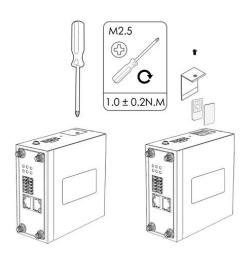
2.5 Reset Button

Function	Action
Reboot	Press the RST button within 3s under operation status
	Press the RST button between 3s to 10s, all LED blink few times then
Factory Reset	reboot automatically.

2.6 Insert SIM card

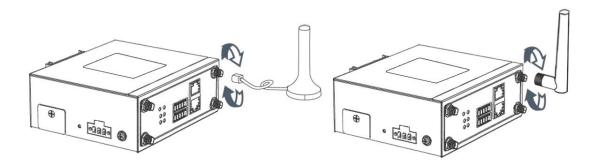
Insert / Remove SIM card

- 1. Make sure the power is disconnected.
- 2. Use a Philips-head screwdriver to remove SIM slot cover.
- 3. Insert the SIM card(s) in to the SIM sockets.
- 4. Replace the SIM slot cover.



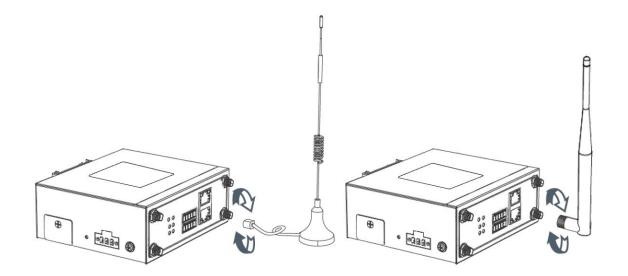
2.7 Install Antenna

• Connect the cellular antenna to the MAIN and AUX connector on the unit.



NOTE: NR500 router supports dual antennas with MAIN and AUX connectors. MAIN connector is for data receiving and transmission. AUX connector is for enhancing signal strength, which cannot be used separately.

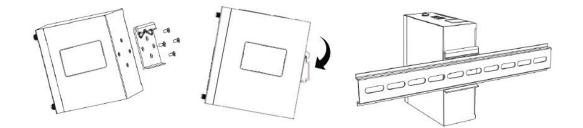
• Connect the Wi-Fi antenna to the Wi-Fi connector on the unit.



2.8 DIN-rail Mounting

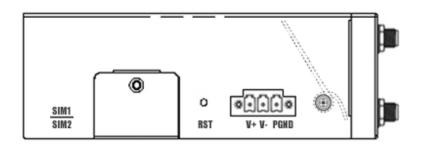
- 1. Use 4 pcs of M3x6 flat head phillips screws to fix the DIN-rail to the router.
- 2. Insert the upper lip of the DIN-rail into the DIN-rail mounting kit.
- 3. Press the router towards the DIN-rail until it snaps into place.





2.9 Protective Grounding Installation

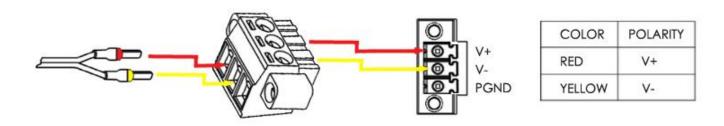
- 1. Remove the grounding nut.
- 2. Connect the grounding ring of the cabinet's grounding wire onto the grounding stud and screw up the grounding nut.



NOTE: Strongly recommended the router to be grounded when deployed.

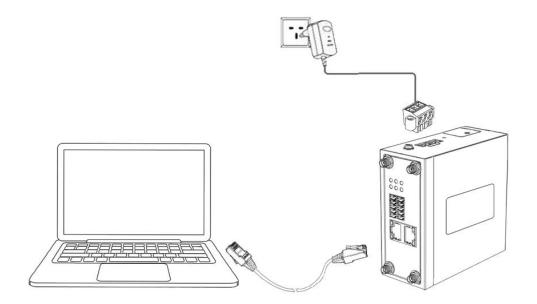
2.10 Power Supply Installation

- 1. Remove the pluggable connector from the unit, then loosen the screws for the locking flanges as needed.
- 2. Connect the wires of the power supply to the terminals.



2.11 Power On The Router

- 1. Connect one end of the Ethernet cable to the LAN port on the unit and the other end to a LAN port on a PC.
- 2. Connect the AC power to a power source.
- 3. Router is ready when SYS LED is blinking.



Chapter 3. Access to Web page

3.1 PC Configuration

NR500 router contains a DHCP server which will automatically assign an IP address to your PC, however in some cases the user may need to change the network settings on their PC to accept the IP address from the NR500. or you can configure a static IP address manually.

• Obtain an IP address automatically

The process required to do this differs depending on the version of Windows you are using. **NOTE:** The following steps are based on Windows 7.

Control Panel > Network and Internet > Net	work Connections 🕨	✓ ✓ Search Network C	onnections	
le Edit View Tools Advanced Help				
Organize Disable this network device Diagnose this c	onnection Rename this connecti	on »	₩ - ▼	
NMware Network Adapter VMnet1 NMwa	Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv	4) Properties	x	
本地连接 Properties	General Alternate Configuration			
Networking Authentication Sharing	You can get IP settings assigned aut	tomatically if your petwork supports		
Connect using:	this capability. Otherwise, you need for the appropriate IP settings.			
👰 JMicron PCI Express Gigabit Ethernet Adapter				
Configure	Obtain an IP address automatic OUse the following IP address: -	cally		
This connection uses the following items:	IP address:			
Icient for Microsoft Networks Image: Why are Bridge Protocol	Subnet mask:			
🗹 📮 QoS Packet Scheduler	Default gateway:			
✓ ■ File and Printer Sharing for Microsoft Networks → Internet Protocol Version 6 (TCP/IPv6)	Obtain DNS server address aut	omatically		
Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) Ink-Layer Topology Discovery Mapper I/O Driver	Use the following DNS server a			
Link-Layer Topology Discovery Responder	Preferred DNS server:			
Install Uninstall Properties	Alternate DNS server:			
Description Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol. The default wide area network protocol that provides communication across diverse interconnected networks.	Validate settings upon exit	Advanced		
		OK Cance		
OK Cancel				
em selected				

select Start » Control Panel » Network Connections. Right click Local Area Connection and select Properties to open the configuration dialog box for Local Area Connection. Select Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) and click Properties to open the TCP/IP configuration window. On the General tab, select Obtain an IP address automatically and Obtain DNS server address automatically. Click OK to complete TCP/IP configuration.

• Set to a static IP address

le Edit View Tools Advanced Help			
Organize Disable this network device Diagnose this c	onnection Rename this conne	ction »	- 1 0
VMware Network Adapter VMnet1 VMwa ② 本地连接 Properties	Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/II	Pv4) Properties 8 23	
Networking Authentication Sharing Connect using: Image: Connect using: Image: Connect using: Connect usi		automatically if your network supports ed to ask your network administrator	
Configure	 Obtain an IP address autom Ouse the following IP address 		
This connection uses the following items: Cient for Microsoft Networks U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U	IP address: Subnet mask:	192.168.5.234 255.255.255.0	
Gos Packet Scheduler Gos Packet Scheduler Gos Packet Scheduler Gos Packet Scheduler Internet Protocol Version 6 (TCP/IPv6)	Default gateway:	· · · ·	
✓ Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) ✓ Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) ✓ Link-Layer Topology Discovery Mesponder ✓ Link-Layer Topology Discovery Responder	Obtain DNS server address a Obtain DNS server Use the following DNS server: Preferred DNS server:	r addresses:	
Install Uninstall Properties	Alternate DNS server:		
Description Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol. The default wide area network protocol that provides communication aronss diverse interconnected networks	Validate settings upon exit	Advanced	
		OK Cancel	
OK Cancel			

click "**Use the following IP address**" to assign a static IP manually within the same subnet of the router.

NOTE: *Default gateway* and *DNS server* is not necessary if PC not routing all traffic go through NR500 router.

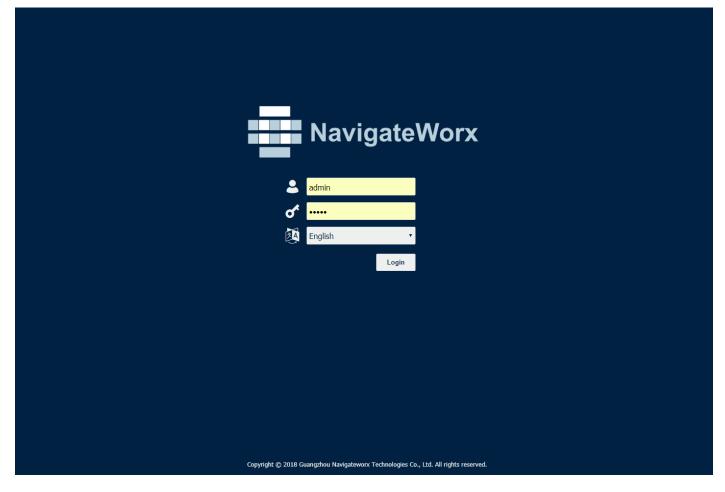
3.2 Factory Default Settings

NR500 router supports Web-based configuration interface for management. If this is the first time for you to configure the router, please refer to below default settings.

Username: **admin** Password: **admin** LAN IP Address: **192.168.5.1** (Eth0~Eth1/Eth3 bridge as LAN mode) DHCP Server: **Enabled**

3.3 Login to Web Page

- 1. Start a Web browser on your PC (Chrome and IE are recommended), enter 192.168.5.1 into the address bar of the web browser.
- 2. Then use the default username and password(admin/admin), to log in to the router.



Chapter 4. Web Configuration

4.1 Web Interface

The NR500 router Web interface is divided into two sections. In the left pane is the main navigation menu. On the right is the content area for each page.

NavigateV	Vorx	Login: admin Reboot Logout
Overview	Status	
► Overview	System Information	
Syslog	Device Model	NR500 Pro 3G/4G Router
Link Management	System Uptime	00:50:09
Industrial Interface	System Time	2018-08-20 10:38:19
Network	RAM Usage	46M Free/64M Total
Applications	Firmware Version	V1.0.0
VPN	Kernel Version	4.4.92
Maintenance	Serial Number	11222018080001
	Active Link Information	
	Link Type	WWAN1
	IP Address	10.160.245.8
	Netmask	255.255.255.240
	Gateway	10.160.245.9
	Primary DNS Server	120.80.80
	Secondary DNS Server	221.5.88.88
	Copyright © 2018 Guangzhou Navigatew	orx Technologies Co., Ltd. All rights reserved.

NOTE: The navigation menu may contain fewer sections than shown here depending on which options are installed in your unit.

- **Reboot:** reset the router within power disconnect.
- Logout: logout to web authorization page.



- Save: save the configuration on current page.
- Apply: apply the changes on current page immediately.



• **Close:** exit without changing the configuration on current page.

1	~1		-	~	
	-	υ	э	e	

4.2 Overview

4.2.1 Status

You can view the system information of the router on this page.

Status	
System Information	
Device Model	NR500 Standard 3G/4G Router
System Uptime	00:49:52
System Time	2018-08-17 20:42:35
RAM Usage	46M Free/64M Total
Firmware Version	V1.0.0
Kernel Version	4.4.92
Serial Number	00000118070001
Seriai Number	00000118070001

System Information

- **Device Module** Displays the model name of router
- System Uptime Displays the duration the system has been up in hours, minutes and seconds.
- **System Time** Displays the current date and time.
- **RAM Usage** Displays the RAM capacity and the available RAM memory.
- Firmware Version

Displays the current firmware version of router.

- Kernel Version Displays the current kernel version of router.
- Serial Number

Display the serial number of router.

Active Link Information	
Link Type	WAN
IP Address	192.168.111.33
Netmask	255.255.255.0
Gateway	192.168.111.1
Primary DNS Server	192.168.129.1
Secondary DNS Server	192.168.111.1

Active Link Information

- Link Type Current interface for internet access.
- IP Address Displays the IP address assigned to this interface.
- Netmask

Displays the subnet mask of this interface.

- Gateway Displays the gateway of this interface. This is used for routing packets to remote networks.
- **Primary DNS Server** Displays the primary DNS server of this interface.
- Secondary DNS Server Displays the secondary DNS server of this interface.

4.2.2 Syslog

Syslog
Syslog Information
Aug 17 20.10.24 Mavigateworx user.eff mouem[4039]. effor in mouem_get_at_cmu_response.12
Aug 17 20:18:24 navigateworx user.debug connection_manager[6588]: connection_manager proc_disconnected
Aug 17 20:18:24 navigateworx user.debug connection_manager[6588]: cancel timer by disconnected action
Aug 17 20:18:24 navigateworx user.debug connection_manager[6588]: connection of wwan1 is disconnected
Aug 17 20:18:24 navigateworx user.debug connection_manager[6588]: optimal connection wan health state 0 cs 2, current connection wwan1
health state 16 cs 0
Aug 17 20:18:24 navigateworx user.warn connection_manager[6588]: wwwanl is unusable
Aug 17 20:19:52 navigateworx authpriv.info webserver: pam_unix(login:session): session opened for user admin by (uid=0)
Aug 17 20:19:52 navigateworx authpriv.info webserver: pam_unix(login:session): session closed for user admin
Aug 17 20:20:07 navigateworx authpriv.info webserver: pam_unix(login:session): session opened for user admin by (uid=0)
Aug 17 20:20:07 navigateworx authpriv.info webserver: pam_unix(login:session): session closed for user admin
Aug 17 20:20:12 navigateworx authpriv.info webserver: pam_unix(login:session): session opened for user admin by (uid=0)
Aug 17 20:20:12 navigateworx authpriv.info webserver: panulnix(login:session): session closed for user admin
Aug 17 21:06:02 navigateworx daemon.info dnsmasq-dhcp[5060]: 181367734 available DHCP range: 192.168.5.2 192.168.5.200
Aug 17 21:06:02 navigateworx daemon.info dnsmasq-dhcp[5060]: 181367734 vendor class: MSFT 5.0
Aug 17 21:06:02 navigateworx daemon.info dnsmasq-dhcp[5060]: 181367734 client provides name: Chen
Aug 17 21:06:02 navigateworx daemon.info dnsmasq-dhcp[5060]: 181367734 DHCPREQUEST(1an0) 192.168.5.2 f0:76:1c:5a:4e:cc
Aug 17 21:06:02 navigateworx daemon.info dnsmasq-dhcp[5060]: 181367734 tags: lan0
Aug 17 21:06:02 navigateworx daemon.info dnsmasq-dhcp[5060]: 181367734 DHCPACK(1an0) 192.168.5.2 f0:76:1c:5a:4e:cc Chen
Aug 17 21:06:02 navigateworx daemon.info dnsmasq-dhcp[5060]: 181367734 requested options: 1:netmask, 3:router, 6:dns-server, 15:domain-name,
Aug 17 21:06:02 navigateworx daemon.info dnsmasq-dhcp[5060]: 181367734 requested options: 31:router-discovery, 33:static-route, 43:vendor-
encap, Aug 17 21:06:02 navigateworx daemon.info dnsmasq-dhcp[5060]: 181367734 requested options: 44:netbios-ns, 46:netbios-nodetype, 47:netbios-
scope,
Aug 17 21:06:02 navigateworx daemon.info dnsmasq-dhcp[5060]: 181367734 requested options: 119:domain-search, 121:classless-static-route,
Aug 17 21:06:02 navigateworx daemon. info dnsmasg-dhcp[5060]: 181367734 requested options: 249, 252
Aug 17 21:06:02 navigateworx daemon. info dnsmasg-dhcp[5060]: 181367734 next server: 192. 168.5.1
Aug 17 21:06:02 navigateworx daemon.info dnsmasg-dhcp[5060]: 181367734 sent size: 1 option: 53 message-type 5
Aug 17 21:06:02 navigateworx daemon.info dnsmasg-dhcp[5060]: 181367734 sent size: 4 option: 54 server-identifier 192.168.5.1
Aug 17 21:06:02 navigateworx daemon.info dnsmasg-dhcp[5060]: 181367734 sent size: 4 option: 51 lease-time 2h
Aug 17 21:06:02 navigateworx daemon.info dnsmasg-dhcp[5060]: 181367734 sent size: 4 option: 58 T1 54m43s
Aug 17 21:06:02 navigateworx daemon.info dnsmasq-dhcp[5060]: 181367734 sent size: 4 option: 59 T2 1h39m43s
Aug 17 21:06:02 navigateworx daemon.info dnsmasq-dhcp[5060]: 181367734 sent size: 4 option: 1 netmask 255.255.255.0
Aug 17 21:06:02 navigateworx daemon.info dnsmasq-dhcp[5060]: 181367734 sent size: 4 option: 28 broadcast 192.168.5.255
Aug 17 21:06:02 navigateworx daemon.info dnsmasq-dhcp[5060]: 181367734 sent size: 7 option: 81 FQDN 03:ff:ff:43:68:65:6e
Aug 17 21:06:02 navigateworx daemon.info dnsmasq-dhcp[5060]: 181367734 sent size: 4 option: 6 dns-server 192.168.5.1
Aug 17 21:06:02 navigateworx daemon.info dnsmasq-dhcp[5060]: 181367734 sent size: 4 option: 3 router 192.168.5.1
Aug 17 21:09:57 navigateworx daemon.err udhcpc[6639]: sending renew
Aug 17 21:09:57 navigateworx daemon.err udhcpc[6639]: lease of 192.168.111.33 obtained, lease time 7200
Aug 17 21:09:57 navigateworx user.debug udhcpc: dhcpc update configuration of wan
Aug 17 21:09:57 navigateworx user.debug connection_manager[6588]: connection_manager proc_connected
v
Download Diagnosis Download Syslog Clear Refresh

Syslog Information

Download Diagnosis

Download the Diagnosis file for analysis.

Download Syslog

Download the complete syslog since last reboot.

Clear

Clear the current page syslog printing.

• Refresh

Reload the current page with latest syslog printing.

4.3 Link Management

This section shows you the setup of link management.

4.3.1 Connection Manager

<u>Status</u>	C	onnection					
Connection Information							
Index	Туре	Status	IP Address	Netmask	Gateway		
1 W	VWAN1	Disconnected					
2	WAN	Connected	192.168.111.31	255.255.255.0	192.168.111.1		

Connection Manager->Status

- **Type** Displays the connection interface
- Status Displays the connection status of this interface.
- IP Address Displays the IP Address of this interface.
- Netmask

Displays the subnet mask of this interface.

• Gateway

Displays the gateway of this interface. This is used for routing packets to remote networks.

Status	Conr	nection			
General S	Settings				
Priority	Enable	Connection Type	Description		\oplus
1	true	WWAN1			\boxtimes
2	true	WAN			\boxtimes
Click	S to e		priority interface. Interface settings. Int interface.		

Connection Manager->Connection

• Priority

Displays the priority list of default routing selection.

Enable

Displays the connection enable status.

• **Connection Type** Displays the name of this interface.

• Description

Displays the description of this connection.

Connection Settings	
General Settings	
Priority	3
Enable	
Connection Type	WWAN1 •
Description	
ICMP Detection Settings	
Enable	
Primary Server	8.8.8
Secondary Server	114.114.114
Interval	300 ⑦
Retry Interval	5
Timeout	3
Retry Times	3
	Save Close

Connection Settings

• Priority

Displays current index on priority list.

Connection Type

Select the available interface as outbound link. **NOTE:** specify SIM1 carrier link as WWAN1, SIM2 carrier link as WWAN2.

ICMP Detection Settings->Enable

Check this box to detect link connection status based on pings to a specified IP address.

• Primary Server

Enter the primary IP address that pings will be sent to, to detect the link state. Recommend entering the IP address of known external reachable server or network (e.g. 8.8.8.8).

Secondary Server

Enter the secondary IP address that pings will be sent to, when the primary server is ping failed, router would try to ping the secondary server.

• Interval

The duration of each ICMP detection in seconds.

• Retry Interval

The interval in seconds between each ping if no packets have been received.

• Timeout

Enter timeout for received ping reply to determine the ICMP detection failure.

• Retry Times

Displays the outbound interface of this route.

4.3.2 Cellular

State		Cellular							
Cellula Index	r Informa Modem	ation Registration	CSQ	Operator	Netwok Type	IMEI	IMSI	TX Bytes	RX Bytes
1 1	EC25	Registered	31 (-51dBm)	CHN-UNICO		861107038049871	460015956236598	2992	2748
I	LCZJ	Registered	51 (-51dbill)	Index		801107038049871	100013330230336	2332	2740
				Modem	EC25				
			R	egistration	Registered				
				CSQ	31 (-51dBm)				
				Operator	CHN-UNICOM				
			Ne	etwok Type	LTE				
				IMEI	861107038049871				
				PLMN ID	46001				
			Local	Area Code	2508				
				Cell ID	6016C02				
				IMSI	460015956236598				
				TX Bytes	2992				
				RX Bytes	2748				
			Moden	n Firmware	EC25EFAR06A01M4	G			
		C	-+ @ 2018 C	Neutret	Taskaslasian C				
		Copyrigi	nt © 2018 Guangzh	ou Navigatewo	orx Technologies Co.,	Ltd. All rights reserved.			

NR500 Router main function is connecting to Internet by cellular modem.

Cellular->Status

Modem •

Displays the model of the modem used by this WWAN interface.

Registration •

Displays the registration status of SIM card.

CSQ •

•

Displays the signal strength of the carrier network.

- Operator Displays the wireless network provider.
- **Network Type** •

Displays the RF technology currently active. Example: LTE, UMTS, or CDMA.

IMEI

International Mobile Electronic Identifier. Depending on the carrier and technology used, this may be required for the carrier when activating the data contract. In some cases this will be blank.

PLMN ID

Displays the current PLMN ID, including MCC, MNC, LAC and Cell ID.

• Local Area Code

Displays the location area code of the SIM card.

Cell ID

Displays the Cell ID of the SIM card location.

IMSI

International Mobile Subscriber Identity, as read from the SIM. This is the user's network subscription.

• TX Bytes

Displays the total bytes transmitted since the time the unit was connected. NR500 router would record this data with same SIM card, reboot would not erase this data.

• RX Bytes

Displays the total bytes received since the time the unit was connected. NR500 router would record this data with same SIM card, reboot would not erase this data.

Modem Firmware

Displays firmware version of the modem used by the WWAN interface.

Stat	us	<u>Cellular</u>
Moder	n General	Settings
Index	SIM Card	Auto APN
1	SIM1	true
2	SIM2	true

Cellular

SIM Card

Displays the SIM card support on this unit.

Auto APN

Displays the Enable status of auto APN function.

SIM Card Settings	
Modem General Settings	
Index	1
SIM Card	SIM1 v
Auto APN	
Authentication Type	Auto 🔹
PIN Code	0
Monthly Data Limitation	0 ⑦
Monthly Bliling Day	1 ⑦
Override Primary DNS	
Override Secondary DNS	
Modem Network Settings	
Network Type	Auto 🔻
Use All Bands	
	Save Close

SIM Card Settings

- SIM Card Displays the current SIM card settings.
- Auto APN Check this box enable auto checking the Access Point Name provided by the carrier.
- Authentication Type Authentication method used by the carrier. Possible selections are Auto, PAP, CHAP.
- PIN Code

Enter a 4-8 characters PIN code to unlock the SIM.

- Monthly Data Limitation Enter the data total amount for SIM card, SIM card switchover when data reach limitation.
- Monthly Billing Day Enter the date of renew data amount every month.
- **Override Primary DNS** Enter the primary DNS server will override the automatically obtained DNS.
- **Override Secondary DNS** Enter the secondary DNS server will override the automatically obtained DNS.
- Network Type Select the mode of operation of the cell module (Auto, 4G Firstly, 4G Only, etc.).
- Use All Bands

Check this box to enable all bands selection or choose specified bands.

4.3.3 Ethernet

The same instructions apply to settings for all Ethernet interfaces.

Stat	Status Port Assignment		nment WA	N LAN			
Ethernet Port Information							
Index	Name	St	atus				
1	ETH0	l. l	Jp				
2	ETH1	l. l	Jp				
3	ETH2	De	own				
4	ETH3	De	own				
Interfa	ace Info	rmation					
Index	Name	MAC	Address				
1	wan						
2	lan0	0 A8:3F:A1:E0:BD:49					
DHCP	DHCP Lease Table						
Index	MAC	Address	IP Address	Lease Expires	Hostname		
1	98:10:e8:67:dd:35 192.168.11		192.168.111.10	2018-10-18 12:11:13	iPhone		

Ethernet->Status

- Ethernet Port Information
 Displays the port physical connected states.
- Interface Information Displays the name and MAC address of Ethernet interface.
- DHCP Lease Table Displays the current IP address assigned to DHCP client.

Ethernet->Port Assignment

• Port

Displays the port states and numbers of this unit.

Interface

Displays the port states of belong subnet.

Port Settings	
General Settings	
Index	1
Port	Eth0 •
Interface	WAN 🔻
	Save Close

Ethernet->Port Settings

• Port

Indicate the current configurate port.

Interface

Select belong subnet for current configurate port.

Status	Port Assignment	WAN	LAN				
General Settings							
		Conn	ection Type	DHCP •			
Advanced Settings							
			NAT Enable				
			MTU	1500			
		Override F	rimary DNS				
		Override Sec	ondary DNS				

Ethernet->WAN

- **Connection Type** If you select DHCP Client, external DHCP server will assign an IP address to this unit.
- NAT Enable

Enable or Disable NAT (Network Address Translation).

• MTU

Maximum Transmission Unit, maximum packet size allowed to be transmitted. Should be left as default value of 1500 in most cases.

- **Override Primary DNS** Enter the primary DNS server will override the automatically obtained DNS.
- Override Secondary DNS

Enter the secondary DNS server will override the automatically obtained DNS.

NR500 also support WAN connection type set to Static IP and PPPoE mode.

Status	Port Assignment	WAN	LAN	
General Set	tings			
		Conr	nection Type	Static IP 🔹
			IP Address	
			Netmask	
			Gateway	
		1	Primary DNS	
		Sec	condary DNS	

Status	Port Assignment	WAN	LAN	
General Set	tings			
		Conne	ection Type	PPPoE •
		Authentic	ation Type	Auto •
			Username	
			Password	

Ethernet->WAN->Static IP or PPPoE

• IP Address

Static address for this interface. It must be on the same subnet as the gateway.

Netmask

Will be assigned by the gateway.

Gateway

IP address of the Gateway (DHCP Host). If not known this can be left as all zeros.

Primary DNS

IP address of the primary DNS server.

• Secondary DNS IP address of the secondary DNS server.

Authentication Type

Authentication method used by the carrier. Possible selections are Auto, PAP, CHAP.

Username

Username to provide when connecting.

Password

Password to provide when connecting.

Statu	ıs Port	Assignment	WAN	LAN
Genera	l Settings			
Index	Interface	IP Address	Netmask	\oplus
1	LAN0	192.168.111.1	255.255.255.0	
Multipl	e IP Setting	s		
Index	Interface	IP Address	Netmask	\oplus

Ethernet->LAN

Interface

Displays current name of LAN subnet.

IP Address

Displays LAN IP address of this subnet.

Netmask

Displays subnet mask for this subnet.

LAN Settings	
General Settings	
Index	1
Interface	LAN0 v
IP Address	192.168.5.1
Netmask	255.255.255.0
MTU	1500
DHCP Settings	
Enable	
Mode	Server •
IP Pool Start	192.168.5.2
IP Pool End	192.168.5.200
Netmask	255.255.255.0
Lease Time	120
Gateway	
Primary DNS	
Secondary DNS	
WINS Server	
	Save Close
DHCP Settings	
Enable	
Mode	Relay 🔻
Relay Server	
	Save Close

Ethernet->LAN

• Interface

Select the configurate LAN port of this subnet.

IP Address

Enter LAN IP address for this interface.

• Netmask

Enter subnet mask for this subnet.

MTU

Maximum Transmission Unit, maximum packet size allowed to be transmitted. Should be left as default value of 1500 in most cases.

• Enable

Check this box to enable DHCP feature on current LAN port.

• Mode

Select the DHCP working mode from "Server" or "Relay".

Relay Server

Enter the IP address of DHCP relay server.

IP Pool Start

External LAN devices connected to this unit will be assigned IP address in this range when DHCP is enabled. This is the beginning of the pool of IP addresses.

IP Pool End

This is the end of the pool of IP addresses.

Netmask

Subnet mask of the IP address obtained by DHCP clients from DHCP server.

• Lease Time

The lease time of the IP address obtained by DHCP clients from DHCP server.

Gateway

The gateway address obtained by DHCP clients from DHCP server.

Primary DNS

Primary DNS server address obtained by DHCP clients from DHCP server.

Secondary DNS

Secondary DNS server address obtained by DHCP clients from DHCP server.

WINS Server

Windows Internet Naming Service obtained by DHCP clients from DHCP server.

Multiple IP Settings	
General Settings	
Index	1
Interface	LAN0 T
IP Address	
Netmask	
	Save Close

Ethernet->LAN->Multiple IP Settings

Interface

Select the configurate LAN port of this subnet.

IP Address

Enter multiple IP address for this interface.

Netmask

Enter subnet mask for this subnet.

4.3.4 Wi-Fi

NR500 router could only be set to function as either a Wi-Fi Client or a Wi-Fi Access Point, but not both simultaneously. Select Wi-Fi (Access Point) from the main navigation menu to Wi-Fi (default as Access Point) page, which contains tabs for configuration of the Wi-Fi Access Point interface.

You could review the Wi-Fi connection status as below.

Stat	tus Basic	WiFi AP		
WiFi S	tatus			
			Status	Ready
			SSID	NR500-WAN
			MAC Address	a8:3f:a1:e0:ab:81
			Current Channel	6
			Channel Width	40 MHz
			TX Power	20.00 dBm
Associ	ated Station			
Index	MAC Address	Signal	Station Na	ame
1	30:59:b7:16:3b:66	-55 dBm	KEN-COMPL	JTER
2	98:10:e8:67:dd:35	-64 dBm	iPhone	

Status	Basic	WiFi AP		
	Duble			
Basic Settings				
			Running Mode	AP •
			Country Code	CN

Wi-Fi->Basic

Running Mode

Select the configurate Wi-Fi mode from AP or Client.

Country Code

Enter the country where the AP is located.

Wi-Fi AP

Wi-Fi AP settings page as below.

Status	Basic	WiFi AP		
WiFi AP Setting	S			
		Enable		
		SSID	wifi-a-p	
		Enable Broadcast SSID		
		Security Mode	WPA PSK	•
		WPA Type	Auto	•
		Encryption Type	Auto	•
		Password		0
Advanced Setti	ngs			
		Channel	Auto	v
		Wireless Mode	802.11bgn	v
		Channel Width	40 MHz	•
		Beacon TX Rate HT MCS Index	Auto	• ②
		TX Power	High	v
		Beacon Interval	100	
		DTIM Period	100	
		Max Client Support	64	
		Enable Short GI		
		Enable AP Isolate		

Wi-Fi->Wi-Fi AP

• Enable

Check this box will enable the Wireless interface.

• SSID

The SSID is the name of the wireless local network. Devices connecting to the Nr500 router WiFi access will identify the Access Point by this SSID.

• Enable Broadcast SSID

When the checkbox is not checked, SSID broadcast is disabled, other wireless devices can't not find the SSID, and users have to enter the SSID manually to access to the wireless network.

Security Mode

Select security mode from "None" or "WPA PSK".

• WPA Type

Select WPA Type from "Auto", "WPA" and "WPA2".

• Encryption Type

Select the encryption method. Options are "Auto", "TKIP", or "CCMP". Because these options depend on the authentication method selected, some options will not be available.

Password

Enter the pre-shared key of WPA encryption.

Channel

Select the Wi-Fi channel the module will transmit on. If there are other Wi-Fi devices in the area the NR500 router should be set to a different channel than the other access points. Channels available for selection depend on the selected Band.

Wireless Mode

Select the Wi-Fi 802.11 mode: B, G, or N. Available selections depend on selected Band.

Channel Width

Select the width of the Wi-Fi channel. 20 MHz will limit the channel to 20 MHz wide; 20/40 MHz will enable the use of a 40 MHz wide channel when available.

Beacon TX Rate HT MCS Index

Modulation and Coding Scheme, The MCS modulation coding table is a representation proposed by 802.11n to characterize the communication rate of the WLAN. The MCS takes the factors affecting the communication rate as the columns of the table and uses the MCS index as a row to form a rate table.

• TX power

Select the transmission power for the AP from "High", "Medium" and "Low".

Beacon Interval

Enter the interval of time in which the router AP broadcasts a beacon which is used for wireless network authentication.

• DTIM Period

Enter the delivery traffic indication message period and the router AP will multicast the data according to this period.

Max Client Support

Enter the maximum number of clients to access when the router is configured as AP.

• Enable Short GI

Check this box to enable Short GI(guard interval), Short GI is a blank time between two symbols, providing a long buffer time for signal delay.

• Enable AP Isolate

Check this box to enable AP isolate, the route will isolate all connected wireless devices.

Wi-Fi Client

Wi-Fi Client settings page as below.

Status	Basic	WiFi Client	
WiFi Client Set	tings		
		Enable	
		Connect to Hidden SSID	
		SSID	
		Password	
IP Address Set	tings		
		Connection Type	DHCP •

Status	Basic	WiFi Client	
WiFi Client Set	ttings		
		Enable	
		Connect to Hidden SSID	
		SSID	
		Password	
IP Address Set	ttings		
		Connection Type	Static IP 🔹
		IP Address	
		Netmask	
		Gateway	
		Primary DNS	
		Secondary DNS	

Wi-Fi->Wi-Fi Client

• Enable

Check this box will enable the Wireless interface.

- **Connect to Hidden SSID** Check this box will enable connect to hidden SSID.
- SSID

•

The SSID of external access point.

- **Password** Enter the primary DNS server will override the automatically obtained DNS.
- Connection Type
 Select from DHCP Client or Static IP address.
 - IP Address Static address for this interface. It must be on the same subnet as the gateway.
- Netmask

Will be assigned by the gateway.

Gateway

IP address of the Gateway.

• Primary DNS

Enter the primary DNS server will override the automatically obtained DNS.

• Secondary DNS

Enter the secondary DNS server will override the automatically obtained DNS.

4.4 Industrial Interface

The Industrial page contains tabs for making configuration settings for Serial RS232 and RS485, Digital input and output. Select Serial & Digital IO from the main navigation menu to navigate to this page.

4.4.1 Serial

You could review the status of serial connection.

Stat	us	Connection			
Serial	Informat	ion			
Index	Enable	Serial Type	Transmission Method	Protocol	Connection Status
1	false	RS485	Transparent	TCP Client	Disconnected
2	false	RS232	Transparent	TCP Client	Disconnected

Serial->Status

- Enable Displays status of current serial function.
- Serial Type Displays the serial type of COM port.
- **Transmission Method** Displays the transmission method of this serial port.
- **Protocol** Displays the protocol used by this serial port.
- Connection Status Displays the connection status of this serial port.

1 false COM1 115200 8 1 None	Stat	us <u>C</u>	onnection	1					
1 false COM1 115200 8 1 None	Serial	Connectio	n Settings	S					
	Index	Enable	Port	Baud Rate	Data Bits	Stop Bits	Parity		
	1	false	COM1	115200	8	1	None		
z laise COM2 115200 8 1 None	2	false	COM2	115200	8	1	None		

Serial->Connection

• Enable

Displays status of current serial function.

• Port

Displays the serial type of COM port.

Baud Rate

Displays the serial port baud rate.

- Data Bits Displays the serial port Data Bits.
- Stop Bits

Displays the serial port Stop Bits.

• Parity

Displays the serial port parity.

Connection Settings		
Serial Connection Settings		
Index	1	
Enable		
Port	COM1 •]
Baud Rate	115200 🔻]
Data Bits	8 🔻]
Stop Bits	1 •]
Parity	None •]
Transmission Settings		
Transmission Method	Transparent •]
MTU	1024	0
Protocol	TCP Client •]
Remote IP Address		
Remote Port	2000	
		Save Close

Serial->Connection Settings

Baud Rate

Select the serial port baud rate. Supported values are 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, or 115200.

Data Bits

Select the values from 5, 6, 7 or 8.

• Stop Bits

Select the values from 1 or 2.

• Parity

Select values from none, even, odd.

• Transmission Method

Select the transmission method for serial port.

MTU

Maximum Transmission Unit, maximum packet size allowed to be transmitted. Should be left as default value of 1024 in most cases.

Protocol

Select the mode for Serial IP communication. Supported modes are UDP, TCP Server, or TCP Client.

- **Remote IP Address** Enter the IP address of the remote server.
- Remote Port

Enter the port number of the remote server.

Below window displays different settings when you select **TCP Server** on Protocol.

Transmission Settings				
Transmission Method	Transparent •			
MTU	1024 ⑦			
Protocol	TCP Server			
Local IP Address				
Local Port	2000			

0			onne	- 1	C _ 11!	
	eria	->(onnei	e llon	Nettir	
~						

Local IP Address

Enter the IP Address of the local endpoint.

Local Port

The port number assigned to the serial IP port on which communications will take place.

Below window displays different settings when you select **UDP** on Protocol.

Transmission Settings				
Transmission Method	Transparent 🔹			
MTU	1024 ⑦			
Protocol	UDP v			
Local IP Address				
Local Port	2000			
Remote IP Address				
Remote Port	2000			

Serial->Connection Settings

Local IP Address

Enter the IP Address of the local endpoint.

- Local Port The port number assigned to the serial IP port on which communications will take place.
- **Remote IP Address** Enter the IP address of the remote server.
- **Remote Port** Enter the port number of the remote server.

4.4.2 Digital IO

This section allows you to set the Digital IO parameters. The Digital input could be used for triggering alarm, and Digital output could be used for controlling the slave device by digital signal.

You could review the status of Digital IO as below.

Stat	us	Digital IO	
Digital	Input I	nformation	
Index	Enable	Logic Level	Status
1	false	High	Alarm OFF
2	false	High	Alarm OFF
Digital	Output	Information	
Index	Enable	Logic Level	Status
1	false	Low	Alarm OFF
2	false	Low	Alarm OFF

Digital IO->Status

• Enable

Displays status of current digital IO function.

Logic Level

Displays the electrical level of digital IO port.

Status

Displays the alarm status of digital IO port.

Digital Input	
Digital Input Settings	
Index	1
Enable	
Alarm ON Mode	Low
	Save Close

Digital IO->Digital Input

Enable

Check this box to enable digital Input function.

Alarm ON Mode

Select the electrical level to trigger alarm. Option are "Low" and "High".

Digital Output					
Digital Output Settings					
Index	1				
Enable					
Alarm Source	Digital Input 1	•			
Alarm ON Action	High	•			
Alarm OFF Action	Low	•			
			Save	Close	
			ourc		

Digital IO->Digital Output

• Enable

Check this box to enable digital output function.

Alarm Source

Select from "Digital Input1" or "Digital Input2", Digital output triggers the related action when there is alarm comes from Digital Input.

Alarm ON Action

Select from "High", "Low" or "Pulse". High means high electrical level output. Low means low electrical level output. Pulse will generate a square wave as specified in the pulse mode parameters when triggered.

Alarm OFF Action

Initiates when alarm disappeared. Select from "High", "Low" or "Pulse". High means high electrical level output. Low means low electrical level output. Pulse will generate a square wave as specified in the pulse mode parameters when triggered.

Pulse Width

This parameter is available when select "Pulse" as "Alarm ON Action/Alarm OFF Action". The selected digital output channel will generate a square wave as specified in the pulse mode parameters.

4.5 Network

4.5.1 Firewall

Firewall rules are security rule-sets to implement control over users, applications or network objects in an organization. Using the firewall rule, you can create blanket or specialized traffic transit rules based on the requirement.

ACL	Port Mapping	g DM	z				
General Set	tings						
			Default Policy	Accept	•		
ACL rule Se	ettings						
Index	Description	Protocol	Source Address	Source Port	Destination Address	Destination Port	\oplus
Firewall	->ACI						

• Default Policy

Select the "Accept" or "Drop" from the list, the packets which are not included in the access control list will be processed by the default filter policy.

An access control list (ACL), with respect to a computer file system, is a list of permissions attached to an object. An ACL specifies which users or system processes are granted access to objects, as well as what operations are allowed on given objects.

ACL Settings	
General Settings	
Index	1
Description	
Protocol	All
Source Address	
Destination Address	
	Save Close

Firewall->ACL

• Description

Add a description for this rule.

Protocol

Any: Any protocol number. TCP: The TCP protocol. UDP: The UDP protocol. TCP & DUP: both TCP and UDP protocol ICMP: The ICMP protocol.

Source Address

A specific host IP address can also be specified, or a range of IP addresses via a bitmask (the box following the /).

Destination Address

A specific IP address can also be specified, or a range of IP addresses via a bitmask (the box following the /).

Port Mapping Settings	
Port Mapping rule Settings	
Index	1
Description	
Protocol	All 🔹 🕐
Remote Address	0
Remote Port	0
Local Address	0
Local Port	0
	Save Close

Firewall->Port Mapping

• Description

Add a description for this rule.

Protocol

Any: Any protocol number. TCP: The TCP protocol. UDP: The UDP protocol.

Remote Address

Enter a WAN IP address that is allowed to access the unit.

Remote Port

Enter the external port number range for incoming requests.

Local Address

Sets the LAN address of a device connected to one of the Fusion's LAN interfaces. Inbound requests will be forwarded to this IP address.

• Local Port

Sets the LAN port number range used when forwarding to the destination IP address.

ACL	Port Mapping	DMZ	
General Setting	S		
		Enable	
		Remote Address	0.0.0.0/0 ⑦
		DMZ Host Address	

Firewall->DMZ

• Enable

Check this box to enable DMZ function.

Remote Address

Optionally restricts DMZ access to only the specified WAN IP address. **NOTE:** If set to 0.0.0, the DMZ is open to all incoming WAN IP addresses.

• DMZ Host Address

The WAN IP address which has all ports exposed except ports defined in the Port Forwarding configuration.

4.5.2 Route

Static Routing refers to a manual method of setting up routing between networks. Select the Static Routing tab to add static routes to the Static Route Table.

Please refer current route table as below.

Stat	us Route			
Route	Table Information	1		
Index	Destination	Netmask	Gateway	Interface
1	0.0.0.0	0.0.0	192.168.129.1	wan
2	192.168.111.0	255.255.255.0	0.0.00	lan0
3	192.168.129.0	255.255.255.0	0.0.0.0	wan

Route->Route Table Information

Destination

Displays the destination of routing traffic.

Netmask

Displays the subnet mask of this routing.

Gateway

Displays the gateway of this interface. This is used for routing packets to remote networks.

Interface

Displays the outbound interface of this route.

Static Route Settings	
Route Table Information	
Index	1
Description	
IP Address	
Netmask	
Gateway	
Interface	0
	Save Close

Route->Static Route Settings

Description
 Enter the description

Enter the description of current static route rule.

- IP Address Enter the IP address of the destination network.
- Netmask
 Enter the subnet mask of the destination network.
- Gateway

Enter the IP address of the local gateway.

Interface

Please refer to the Network->Route->Status interface.

4.5.3 VRRP

The Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP) is a computer networking protocol that provides automatic assignment of available Internet Protocol (IP) routers for participating hosts. The VRRP router who has the highest number will become the virtual master router. The VRRP router number ranges from 1 to 255 and usually we use 255 for the highest priority and 100 for backup. If the current virtual master router receives an announcement from a group member (Router ID) with a higher priority, then the latter will pre-empt and become the virtual master router.

VRRP							
VRRP Network Settings							
Index	1						
Enable							
Interface	LAN0 T						
Virtual Router ID	1						
Authentication Type	None • ?						
Priority	100						
Interval	1						
Virtual IP Address							
	Save Close						

Network->VRRP

• Enable

Check this box will enable VRRP.

- Interface Select the interface of Virtual Router.
 - Virtual Router ID User-defined Virtual Router ID. Range: 1-255.
- Authentication Type

Select the authentication type for VRRP.

• Priority

•

Enter the VRRP priority range is 1-254 (a bigger number indicates a higher priority).

• Interval

Heartbeat package transmission time interval between routers in the virtual IP group. Range: 1-255.

• Virtual IP Address

Enter the virtual IP address of virtual gateway.

4.6 Applications

4.6.1 DDNS

DDNS is a system that allows the domain name data of a computer with a varying (dynamic) IP addresses held in a name server to be updated in real time in order to make it possible to establish connections to that machine without the need to track the actual IP addresses at all times. A number of providers offer Dynamic DNS services (DDNS), free or for a charge.

You could review	the status	of DDNS as	below.
------------------	------------	------------	--------

Status	DDNS		
DDNS Status			
		Status	Updating
		Public IP Address	
Status	DDNS		
General Setting			
General Setting	ys	Enable	
		Enable	
		DDNS Provider	no-ip 🔹
		Check IP Interval	
		Enable SSL	
		Username	
		Password	
		Hostname	
		Log Level	None •

DDNS

Enable

Check this box to enable the DDNS service.

• DDNS Provider

Select the DDNS provider from the list, options from "DynDNS", "no-ip", "3322" and custom.

Check IP Interval

Enter the interval, in minutes (0 to 65,535), the modem will update the Dynamic DNS server of its carrier assigned IP address.

DDNS Server

The internet address to communicate the Dynamic DNS information to. This option is available after you select **custom** on DDNS Provider.

DDNS Path

DDNS path for custom type.

Check IP Server

Check IP Server for custom type

- **Check IP Path** ٠ Check IP Path for custom type.
- **Enable SSL** • Enable SSL for connection.
- Username • Enter the user name used when setting up the account. Used to login to the Dynamic DNS service. Password
 - Enter the password associated with the account.
- Hostname • Enter the hostname associated with the account.
- Log Level •

٠

Select the log output level from "none", "Debug", "Notice", "Info" and "Error".

4.6.2 Schedule Reboot

Schedule reboot allows user to define the time for router reboot itself.

Schedule Reboot	
General Settings	
Enable	
Time to Reboot	00:00 ⑦
Day to Reboot	0 ⑦

Application->Schedule Reboot

- Enable • Check this box to enable schedule reboot feature.
- Time to Reboot • Enter the time of each day to reboot device. Format: HH(00-23):MM(00-59).
- Uptime ٠

Enter the day of each month to reboot device. 0 means every day.

4.7 VPN

4.7.1 OpenVPN

OpenVPN is an open source virtual private network (VPN) product that offers a simplified security framework, modular network design, and cross-platform portability.

You could review all OpenVPN connection as below.

Sta	atus	OpenVPN X.50	9 Certificate					
Open\	OpenVPN Information							
Index	Enable	Description	Status	Uptime	Virtual IP			

VPN->OpenVPN->Status

- Enable Displays current OpenVPN settings is enable or disable.
- Status Displays the current VPN connection status.
- **Uptime** Displays the connection time since VPN is established.
- Virtual IP

Displays the virtual IP address obtain from remote side.

OpenVPN Settings	
General Settings	·
Index	1
Enable	
Description	
Mode	Client •
Protocol	UDP •
Connection Type	TUN •
Server Address	
Server Port	1194
Authentication Method	X.509 • ⑦
Encryption Type	BF-CBC V
Renegotiate Interval	3600
Keepalive Interval	20
Keepalive Timeout	60
Fragment	0 ⑦
Private Key Password	
Output Verbosity Level	3
Advanced Settings	
Enable NAT	· ·

VPN->OpenVPN

- Enable Check this box to enable OpenVPN tunnel.
- **Description** Enter a description for this OpenVPN tunnel.
- Mode Select from "Client" or "P2P".
- Protocol

Select from "UDP" or "TCP Client".

• Connection Type

Select from "TUN", "TAP" which are two different kinds of device interface for OpenVPN. The difference between TUN and TAP device is that a TUN device is a point-to-point virtual device on network while a TAP device is a virtual device on Ethernet.

Server Address

Enter the IP address or domain of remote server.

Server Port

Enter the negotiate port on OpenVPN server.

Authentication Method

Select from "X.509", "Pre-shared", "Password", and "X.509 And Password".

- Encryption Type Select from "BF-CBC", "DE-CBC", "DES-EDE3-CBC", "AES-128-CBC", "AES-192-CBC" and "AES-256-CBC".
- Username

Enter the username for authentication when selection from "Password" or "X.509 And Password".

Password

Enter the password for authentication when selection from "Password" or "X.509 And Password".

Local IP Address

Enter the local virtual IP address when select "P2P" mode.

Remote IP Address

Enter the remote virtual IP address when select "P2P" mode.

Local Netmask

Enter the local netmask when select "TAP" connection type.

• TAP Bridge

Select the specified LAN that bridge with OpenVPN tunnel when select "TAP" connection type.

- **Renegotiate Interval** Enter the renegotiate interval if connection is failed.
- **Keepalive Interval** Enter the keepalive interval to check the tunnel is active or not.
- **Keepalive Timeout** Enter the keepalive timeout, once connection is failed it will trigger the OpenVPN reconnect.
- Fragment

Enter the fragment size, 0 means disable.

Private Key Password

Enter the private key password for authentication when selection from "X.509" or "X.509 And Password".

• **Output Verbosity Level** Enter the level of the output log and values.

Advanced Settings	
Enable NAT	
Enable PKCS#12	
Enable X.509 Attribute nsCertType	
Enable HMAC Firewall	
Enable Compression LZ0	
Additional Configurations	0
	Save Close

VPN->OpenVPN->Advanced Settings

Enable NAT

Check this box to enable NAT, the source IP of host behind router will be disguised before accessing the remote end.

• Enable PKCS#12

It is an exchange of digital certificate encryption standard, used to describe personal identity information.

- Enable X.509 Attribute nsCertType
 Require that peer certificate was signed with an explicit nsCertType designation of "server".
- Enable HMAC Firewall Add additional layer of HMAC authentication on the top of the TLS control channel to protect against DoS attacks.
- Enable Compression LZO Compress the data.
- Additional Configurations Enter some other options of OpenVPN in this field. Each expression can be separated by a ';'.

Status	OpenV	PN X	C.509 Certificate						
X.509 Certificate Import									
			Connection Index	1					
			CA Certificate	Choose File No file chosen					
			Local Certificate File	Choose File No file chosen					
			Local Private Key	Choose File No file chosen					
			HMAC firewall Key	Choose File No file chosen					
			Pre-shared Key	Choose File No file chosen					
			PKCS#12 Certificate	Choose File No file chosen					
X.509 Certifi	icate Files								
Index F	ile Name	File Size	e Date Modified						

VPN->OpenVPN->X.509 Certificate

- **Connection Index** Displays the current connection index for OpenVPN channel.
- CA Certificate Import CA certificate file.
- Local Certificate File Import Local Certificate file.
- Local Private Key Import Local Private Key file.
- HMAC Firewall Key
 Import HMAC Firewall Key file.
- **Pre-shared Key** Import the pre-shared key file.
- PKCS#12 Certificate
 Import PKCS#12 Certificate

4.7.2 IPSec

IPSec facilitates configuration of secured communication tunnels. The various tunnel configurations will be displayed in the Tunnel Table at the bottom of the page. All tunnels are create using the ESP (Encapsulating Security Payload) protocol.

<u>Status</u>	IPSec						
IPSec Inform	IPSec Information						
Index Enable		Status	Uptime				
VPN->IPSe							

• Enable

Displays current IPSec settings is enable or disable.

• Description

Displays the description of current VPN channel.

Status

Displays the current VPN connection status.

• Uptime

Displays the connection time since VPN is established.

IPSec Settings		
General Settings		
Index	1	
Enable		
Description		
Remote Gateway		
IKE Version	IKEv1	•
Connection Type	Tunnel	•
Negotiation Mode	Main	•
Authentication Method	Pre-shared Key and Xauth	•
Local Subnet		
Local Pre-shared Key		
Local ID Type	IPv4 Address	•
Xauth Identity		
Xauth Password		
Remote Subnet		
Remote ID Type	IPv4 Address	•

VPN->IPSec

• Enable Select Enable will launch the IPSec process.

• Description

Enter a description for this IPSec VPN tunnel.

Remote Gateway

Enter the IP address of the remote endpoint of the tunnel.

IKE Version

Internet Key Exchange, select from "IKEv1" or "IKEv2".

Connection Type

Select from "Tunnel" or "Transport".

Tunnel: In tunnel mode, the entire IP packet is encrypted and authenticated. It is then encapsulated into a new IP packet with a new IP header. Tunnel mode is used to create virtual private networks for network-to-network communications.

Transport: In transport mode, only the payload of the IP packet is usually encrypted or authenticated. The routing is intact, since the IP header is neither modified nor encrypted.

Negotiation Mode

Select from "Main" or "Aggressive".

Authentication Method

Select from "Pre-shared Key" or "Pre-shared Key and Xauth".

Local Subnet

Ener the IP address with mask if a network beyond the local LAN will be sending packets through the tunnel.

NOTE: The Remote subnet and Local subnet addresses must not overlap!

Local Pre-shared Key

Enter the pre-shared key which match the remote endpoint.

Local ID Type

The local endpoint's identification. The identifier can be a host name or an IP address.

Xauth Identity

Enter Xauth identity after "Pre-shared Key and Xauth" on authentication Method is enabled.

Xauth Password

Enter Xauth password "Pre-shared Key and Xauth" on authentication Method is enabled.

Remote Subnet

Enter an IP address with mask if encrypted packets are also destined for the specified network that is beyond the Remote IP Address.

NOTE: The Remote subnet and Local subnet addresses must not overlap!

Remote ID Type

The authentication address of the remote endpoint.

IKE Proposal Settings		
Encryption algorithm	AES-256	T
Hash Algorithm	SHA2 256	v
Diffie-Hellman group	Group5(modp1536)	•
Lifetime	1440	
ESP Proposal Settings		
Encryption algorithm	AES-256	•
Hash Algorithm	SHA2 256	•
Diffie-Hellman group	Group5(modp1536)	•
Lifetime	60	
Advanced Settings		
DPD Interval	30	0
DPD Timeout	90	0
Additional Configurations		0
		Save Close

VPN->IPSec

- Encryption Algorithm (IKE)
 Select 3DES AES-128, AES-192, or AES-256 encryption.
- Hash Algorithm (IKE)
 Select from MD5, SHA1, SHA2 256, SHA2 384 or SHA2 512 hashing.
- Diffie-Hellman Group (IKE) Negotiate (None) or use 768 (Group 1), 1024 (Group 2), 1536 (Group 5) or 2048 (Group 14) etc.
- Lifetime (IKE) How long the keying channel of a connection should last before being renegotiated.
- Encryption Algorithm (ESP) Select 3DES AES-128, AES-192, or AES-256 encryption.
- Hash Algorithm (ESP) Select from MD5, SHA1, SHA2 256, SHA2 384 or SHA2 512 hashing.
- Diffie-Hellman Group (ESP) Negotiate (None) or use 768 (Group 1), 1024 (Group 2), 1536 (Group 5) or 2048 (Group 14) etc.
- Lifetime (ESP)
 How long a particular instance of a connection should last, from successful negotiation to expiry.
- **DPD Interval** Enter the interval after which DPD is triggered if no IPsec protected packets is received from the peer.
- **DPD Timeout** Enter the remote peer probe response timer.
- Additional Configurations
 Enter some other options of IPSec in this field. Each expression can be separated by a ';'.

4.7.3 GRE

Generic Routing Encapsulation (GRE) is a protocol that encapsulates packets in order to route other protocols over IP networks. It's a tunneling technology that provides a channel through which encapsulated data message could be transmitted and encapsulation and decapsulation could be realized at both ends.

<u>Status</u> GRE								
GRE Information								
Index	Enable	Description	Status					

VPN->GRE->Status

• Enable

Displays current GRE settings is enable or disable.

• Description

Displays the description of current VPN channel.

• Status

Displays the current VPN connection status.

GRE Settings	
GRE Information	
Index	1
Enable	
Description	
Remote Gateway	
Local Virtual IP	
Local Virtual Netmask	255.255.255.252
Tunnel key	
Enable NAT	
	Save Close

VPN->GRE

• Enable

Check this box to enable GRE.

Description

Enter the description of current VPN channel.

- **Remote Gateway** Enter the remote IP address of peer GRE tunnel.
- Local Virtual IP Enter the local tunnel IP address of GRE tunnel.
- Local Virtual Netmask Enter the local virtual netmask of GRE tunnel.
- **Tunnel Key** Enter the authentication key of GRE tunnel.
- Enable NAT Check this box to enable NAT function.

4.8 Maintenance

4.8.1 Upgrade

When newer versions of NR500 firmware become available, the user can manually update the unit by uploading a package to the unit.

NOTE: The unit automatically reboots once the upload completes, thus taking the NR500 router out of service during approximately 1 minute. Unless otherwise stated, the user is not expected to take any special precautions.

CAUTION: It is important to have a stable power source and ensure that power to the Fusion is not interrupted during a firmware upgrade.

Firmware			
Firmware Upgrade			
	Firmware	Choose File No file chosen] ♣

4.8.2 System

This section allows you to review the device system settings.

General	Accounts	Syslog	Web Server	Telnet	SSH	Security	
General Setti	ngs						
			Hostname	navigateworx.rou	uter		
			User LED Type	None	•		
Time Zone Se	ettings						
			Time Zone	UTC+08:00	•		
		Custo	mized Time Zone			0	
Time Synchro	onisation						
			Enable				
		Pr	imary NTP Server	pool.ntp.org			
		Seco	ndary NTP Server	1.pool.ntp.org			

System->General

- Hostname
 User-defined router name, which might be use for IPSec local ID identify.
- User LED Type Defined the User LED behavior.
- Time Zone
 - Select the zone where the device is in use.
- **Customized Time Zone** Customized the zone where the device is in use.
- Enable (NTP Client)

Selected Enabled to utilize the NTP client to synchronize the device clock over the network using a time server (NTP server).

- **Primary NTP Server** Enter the IP address (or host name) of the primary time server.
- Secondary NTP Server

Enter the IP address (or host name) of the secondary time server.

Gene	ral <u>Acc</u>	counts	Syslog	Web Server	Telnet	SSH	Security		
Accoun	t Settings								
				Administrator	admin				
				Old Password					
				New Password					
			Co	onfirm Password					
Visitor	Settings								
Index	Username	Password							\oplus

System->Account

Administrator

Displays the name of current administrator, default as "admin".

- Old Password Enter the old password of administrator.
- **New Password** Enter the new password of administrator.
- **Confirm Password** Confirm the new password of administrator.

Account Settings				
	Index	1		
	Username			
	Password			
			Save	Close

• Username

Enter a username of visitor privilege

• Password

Enter the new password of current visitor account.

Syslog displays system logs that are stored in the log buffers.

General	Accounts	Syslog	Web Server	Telnet	SSH	Security	
General Sett	ings						
			Log Location	RAM	T		
			Log Level	Debug	T		
Remote Sysle	og Settings						
		Enab	e Remote Syslog				
		Remo	ote Syslog Server				
		Re	mote Syslog Port	514			
System	Sydog						

System->Syslog

Log Location

Select the log store location from "RAM" or "Flash".

- Log Level Select the log output level from "Debug", "Notice", "Info", "Warning" or "Error".
- Enable Remote Syslog Check this box to enable remote syslog connection.
- **Remote Syslog Server** Enter the IP address of remote syslog server.
- **Remote Syslog Port** Enter the port for remote syslog server listening.

General	Accounts	Syslog	Web Server	Telnet	SSH	Security	
General Setti	ings						
			HTTP Port	80			
			HTTPS Port	443			
Certificate Se	ettings						
			Private Key	Choose File No	o file chosen	ۍ	
			Certificate File	Choose File No	o file chosen	ۍ	

System->Web Server

HTTP Port

Enter the port for Hypertext Transfer Protocol. A well-known port for HTTP is port 80.

HTTPS Port

Enter the port for HTTPS Protocol. A well-known port for HTTPS is port 443.

• Private Key

Import private Key file for HTTPS connection.

Certificate File

Import certificate file for HTTPS connection.

General	Accounts	Syslog	Web Server	Telnet	SSH	Security
General Setti	ings					
			Telnet Port	23		
System->	Telnet					

Telnet Port

Enter the port for telnet access. A well-known port for HTTP is port 23.

General	Accounts	Syslog	Web Server	Telnet	<u>SSH</u>	Security	
General Sett	ings						
			SSH Port	22			
		Allow Passwo	rd Authentication				
			Public Key				
	0011						

System->SSH

SSH Port Enter the port for SSH access. A well k

Enter the port for SSH access. A well-known port for HTTP is port 22.

• Allow Password Authentication Check this box to enable SSH authentication.

• Public Key

Enter the public Key SSH authentication.

General	Accounts	Syslog	Web Server	Telnet	SSH	<u>Security</u>	
Remote Acce	ss Settings						
	Remote HTTP Access						
		Remo	te HTTPS Access				
	Remote Telnet Access						
	Remote SSH Access						

System->Security

- Remote HTTP Access
 Check this box to allow remote HTTP access.
- Remote HTTPS Access
 Check this box to allow remote HTTPS access.
- Remote Telnet Access

Check this box to allow remote Telnet access.

Remote SSH Access

Check this box to allow remote SSH access.

4.8.3 Configuration

The Unit Configuration tab allows you to save parameters (settings in the Web interface) to a file. Conversely, if you have saved settings from the NR500 router to a file, you can Import these previously-saved configuration settings to the NR500 router as well.

Configuration	
Configuration Management	
Factory settings	Restore
Configuration File Download	Download
Configuration File Upload	Choose File No file chosen
System->Configuration	

- **Restore** Reset the unit to factory default settings.
- **Download** Download the configuration file from NR500 router.
- Configuration File Upload
 Import previously-saved configuration file.

4.8.4 Debug Tools

<u>Ping</u>	Traceroute	
Ping Settings		
	Host Address	
	Ping Count	5
	Local IP Address	

De	bug	Too	ls->P	Ping
----	-----	-----	-------	------

Host Address

Enter a host IP address or domain name for ping.

- Ping Count
 Enter the ping times.
- Local IP Address Enter the ping source IP address or leave it blank.

Ping	Traceroute			
Traceroute Settings				
	Host Address			
	Max Hops	30		
Debug Tools->Traceroute				

• Host Address

Enter a host IP address or domain name for traceroute.

• Max Hops

Enter the max hops for traceroute.

Appendix A - Glossary

APN:	Access Point Name
GPRS:	General Packet Radio Service
HSPA:	High Speed Packet Access
HSDPA:	High-Speed Downlink Packet Access
HSUPA:	High-Speed Uplink Packet Access
LTE:	3GPP Long Term Evolution
IMEI:	International Mobile Equipment Identity
ICCID:	Integrated Circuit Card Identifier
PIN:	Personal Identification Number
PPP:	Point-to-Point Protocol
RSSI:	Received Signal Strength Indication
SIM:	Subscriber Identity Module
PPP: RSSI:	Point-to-Point Protocol
TCP/IP:	Transmission Control Protocol / Internet Protocol
UDP:	User Datagram Protocol
VPN:	Virtual Private Network
Wi-Fi or WiFi:	Wireless Fidelity
VDC:	Voltage, Direct Current

Appendix B -Q&A

No Signal

Phenomenon

NR500 Router modem status show no signal.

Possible Reason

- Antenna installation is wrong.
- Modem failure.

Solution

- Check the LTE antenna or replace with new one.
- Check the cellular page confirm modem is detected correctly or not.

Cannot detect SIM card

Phenomenon

NR500 Router cannot detect SIM card, cellular is not failed to connect to base station.

Possible Reason

- SIM card damage.
- SIM bad contact.

Solution

- Replace SIM card.
- Re-install SIM card.

Poor Signal

Phenomenon

NR500 Router no signal or poor signal.

Possible Reason

- Antenna installation is wrong.
- Area signal weak.

Solution

- Check the antenna and re-connect it.
- Contact Telecom Operator to confirm signal problem.
- Change to high-gain antenna.

IPSec VPN established, but LAN to LAN cannot communicate

Phenomenon

IPSec VPN established, but LAN to LAN cannot communicate

Possible Reason

- Both subnets are not match the interested traffic.
- IPSec second phase (ESP) settings is not match.

Solution

- Check the both subnet settings.
- Check IPSec second phase (ESP) setting.

Forget Router Password

Phenomenon

Forget router login password.

Possible Reason

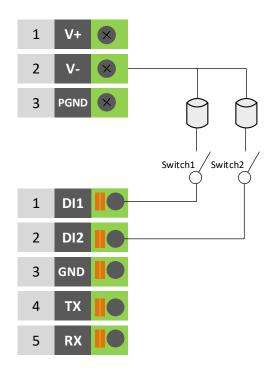
User has changed the password.

Solution

After router power on, press RESET button between 3 to 10 seconds then release, router will automatically reboot and reset to factory default settings (Username/Password is admin/admin).

Digital Input

Typical Application Diagram



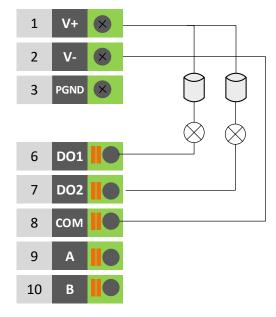
DI ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

- 1、galvanic isolation;
- 2、Over-Voltage Protection: 36 VDC
- 3、Over-Current Protection: 100mA per channel @ 25°C

Dry Contact Typical Application Switch ON(Short to V-): DI Logic LOW Switch OFF(Open): DI Logic HIGH

Digital Output

Typical Application Diagram



- DO ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS
- 1、galvanic isolation;
- 2. Over-Voltage Protection: 36 VDC

Wet Contact Typical Application DO Logic LOW: Switch ON(Led ON) DO Logic HIGH: Switch OFF(Led OFF)

Appendix D - CLI

Command-line interface (CLI) is a software interface that provide another configurable way to set parameters on our router. We could use Telnet or SSH connect to our router for CLI input.

NR500 CLI Access

navigateworx.router login: admin

Password: admin

>

CLI reference commands

>?

config exit help ping reboot show telnet traceroute upgrade	 Change to the configuration mode Exit this CLI session Display an overview of the CLI syntax Ping Reboot system Show running configuration or running status Telnet Client TraceRoute Upgrade firmware
upgrade version	Upgrade firmware Show firmware version

e.g.

> version 1.0.0 (1017.4)

```
> show wifi
wifi
{
    "status":"Ready",
    "mac":"a8:3f:a1:e0:ab:81",
    "ssid":"NR500-WAN",
    "channel":"6",
    "width":"40 MHz",
    "txpower":"20.00 dBm"
}
```

```
> ping www.baidu.com
PING www.baidu.com (14.215.177.38): 56 data bytes
64 bytes from 14.215.177.38: seq=0 ttl=54 time=10.826 ms
```

64 bytes from 14.215.177.38: seq=1 ttl=54 time=10.284 ms 64 bytes from 14.215.177.38: seq=2 ttl=54 time=10.073 ms 64 bytes from 14.215.177.38: seq=3 ttl=54 time=10.031 ms 64 bytes from 14.215.177.38: seq=4 ttl=54 time=10.347 ms

--- www.baidu.com ping statistics ---

5 packets transmitted, 5 packets received, 0% packet loss round-trip min/avg/max = 10.031/10.312/10.826 ms

>

How to Configure the CLI

CONTEXT SENSITIVE HELP

[?] - Display context sensitive help. This is either a list of possible command completions with summaries, or the full syntax of the current command. A subsequent repeat of this key, when a command has been resolved, will display a detailed reference.

AUTO-COMPLETION

The following keys both perform auto-completion for the current command line. If the command prefix is not unique then the bell will ring and a subsequent repeat of the key will display possible completions.

[enter] - Auto-completes, syntax-checks then executes a command. If there is a syntax error then offending part of the command line will be highlighted and explained.

[space] - Auto-completes, or if the command is already resolved inserts a space.

MOVEMENT KEYS

[CTRL-A] - Move to the start of the line

- [CTRL-E] Move to the end of the line.
- [up] Move to the previous command line held in history.
- [down] Move to the next command line held in history.
- [left] Move the insertion point left one character.
- [right] Move the insertion point right one character.

DELETION KEYS

- [CTRL-C] Delete and abort the current line
- [CTRL-D] Delete the character to the right on the insertion point.
- [CTRL-K] Delete all the characters to the right of the insertion point.
- [CTRL-U] Delete the whole line.

[backspace] - Delete the character to the left of the insertion point.

ESCAPE SEQUENCES

- !! Subsitute the the last command line.
- IN Substitute the Nth command line (absolute as per 'history' command)
- I-N Substitute the command line entered N lines before (relative)